continues as they expect to become a new member of the World Trade Organization by the end of this year. Despite the relative small population of only 23 million, Taiwan has financial resources surpassing those of many Western countries.

On behalf of all of us, I would like to offer my thanks to President Chen Shui-bian of the Republic of China for Taiwan's support of our great nation in the aftermath of the September 11 attack. President Shui-bian expressed his condolences to the American people, and condemned those terrorist acts as shameful and cowardly. Taiwan was one of the first countries to declare their unequivocal support and cooperation with the United States. In addition. Taiwan has offered the United States and their allies in the war on terrorism whatever resources they have to share. In addition, President Shui-bian ordered all government flags to be flown at half-mast for two days as an expression of Taiwan's solidarity with the United States. And finally. President Shui-bian asked that all National Day celebrations be cancelled because this is a mourning time for the American people as well as for the people of Tai-

Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues to join me today in recognition of the Republic of China on Taiwan's National Day. I thank Taiwan for their friendship and support of our great nation, and I wish Taiwan and its people continued prosperity and Godspeed on their National Day.

CONGRATULATING THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA

HON. MIKE PENCE

OF INDIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, October 10, 2001

Mr. PENCE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate the Republic of China on its 90th National Day and to commend her people on this occasion for their remarkable efforts to make Taiwan a leader in the world through peace and economic prosperity. Taiwan's people have reason to be proud, as they have achieved a high level of freedom in their lives due to their commitment to democracy, economic liberalization, and the rule of law. This commitment will undoubtedly lead to an even greater role for Taiwan in the 21st century.

Mr. Speaker, I would also like to take this opportunity to thank President Chen Shui-bian and his people for the support they have shown the United States afler the terrorist attacks of September 11. President Chen and other leaders in Taiwan have strongly condemned terrorism and have expressed their willingness to assist the U.S. government in combating worldwide terrorism. The people of Taiwan have embraced the notion that terrorism is the enemy of all the people of the world.

Mr. Speaker, I urge all of my colleagues to join me today in congratulating the people of Taiwan and I wish them goodwill and fortune for their bright and prosperous future.

CELEBRATING THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA (TAIWAN)

HON. ROBERT WEXLER

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Wednesday, October 10, 2001

Mr. WEXLER. Mr. Speaker, it is an honor and privilege for me to join President Chen Shui-bian and the people of the Republic of China in celebrating National Day on October 10, 2001. This important occasion highlights the growth and emergence of Taiwan's democracy as well as its dynamic economy.

Over the past fifty years, Taiwan has undergone tremendous political, economic and social changes. As the first democracy in thousands of years of Chinese history, Taiwan has become a model for other emerging democracies around the world to emulate. Taiwan has also emerged as an economic powerhouse. Despite Taiwan's small size and lack of physical resources it has become the world's 17th largest economy, 15th largest trading nation. 8th largest investor and 3rd largest holder of foreign exchange. Taiwan plays an essential role in the global economy and is a major economic partner of the United States. Over the past decade, a robust bilateral trade relationship between Taiwan and the United States has mutually benefitted both nations. Last vear, bilateral trade between our two nations topped \$64.8 billion and it continues to grow.

I would like to congratulate President Chen Shui-bian who has passionately advocated Taiwan's strong commitment to democracy, human rights, and increased global economic cooperation. Please know that I join many of my colleagues in the United States Congress in supporting your government effort to seek readmission to the United Nations and other international organizations. I strongly believe that Taiwan deserves a seat in all international fora and a prominent place on the world

I also want to thank President Chen and the people of Taiwan who have heeded President Bush's call to join the international community in a counter-terrorism coalition following the September 11, 2001, attacks on the United States. President Chen's government has graciously pledged all of Taiwan's resources in helping the United States fight the terrible scourge of terrorism. President Chen's pledge of unequivocal support for our nation during these difficult times is a testament to the historically close relationship between the United States and Taiwan.

Again, I want to wish the people and government of Taiwan the very best as they celebrate Taiwan's National Day.

IN HONOR OF THE NATIONAL DAY OF THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA ON TAIWAN

HON, ENI F.H. FALEOMAVAEGA

OF AMERICAN SAMOA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Wednesday, October 10, 2001

Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA. Mr. Speaker, on the auspicious occasion of the National Day of the

Republic of China (ROC)—October 10th, 2001—I send my warmest greetings, congratulations and best wishes to President Chen Shui-bian, the Honorable C.J. Chen, ROC Representative to the United States, and the good people of Taiwan.

I also wish to acknowledge and thank President Chen, Representative Chen and the leaders of Taiwan for their strong support of the United States in the aftermath of the September 11th terrorist attacks on America. As our Nation struggled to recover from the horific tragedy, I would note Taiwan was one of the first governments to declare unequivocal support for and cooperation with the United States to combat terrorism worldwide.

President Chen has repeatedly affirmed Taiwan's strong belief that the United States is on the right course in going after terrorists and extremists worldwide, and Taiwan has offered assistance in this mission. Terrorism knows no national boundaries and terrorists seek to destroy freedom and our democratic way of life. Standing shoulder to shoulder as fellow democracies, Taiwan has mourned with America, shared the pain of our Nation, and joined in partnership to fight terrorism.

Mr. Speaker, the quick response of Taiwan is not surprising, as the Republic of China is a true democracy—a democracy that cherishes, protects and respects all of the rights of her citizens. The success of Taiwan's democracy is further reflected in her prosperity where, despite having only 23 million people, Taiwan has developed into one of the most important and robust economies in the world.

As the United States leads the global fight to eradicate terrorism, Mr. Speaker, let us be thankful for good friends and allies such as Taiwan. In this regard, Representative C.J. Chen has done an excellent and superb job on Capitol Hill and Washington in representing Taiwan and furthering relations between our governments.

Mr. Speaker, on October 10th, the National Day marking the birth of the Republic of China, I ask our colleagues and all Americans to join me in saluting and honoring the strong, vibrant and impressive democracy that is Taiwan today.

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{HONORING LAURENCE R. (CAMPY)} \\ \text{CAMPTON} \end{array}$

HON. SCOTT McINNIS

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, October 10, 2001

Mr. McINNIS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to take the opportunity to honor Mr. Laurence R. (Campy) Campton as he celebrates his 85th birthday on October 27, 2001. I want to recognize Campy for his love of his country and dedicated patriotism first exemplified during his service in World War II.

Campy has seen some of the most horrifying scenes in American war history. Mr. Campton landed on Utah Beach at Normandy where Campy and his comrades in the Fourth Infantry Division made the initial push to drive the Nazi forces back into Germany. German soldiers later captured Campy during the Battle of the Bulge. He remained a captive of the